



BigBite

NFPA/HMIS : Health -3
 Flammability -0
 Reactivity -0

Complies With USDL Safety and Health Regulations, (29 CFR 1910.200)

Material Safety Data Sheet US Department Of Labor

SECTION - 1 CHEMICAL AND COMPANY IDENTIFICATION

PRODUCT USE: Wax Stripper

PRO-LINK
 510 Chapman Street
 Canton, MA 02021

EMERGENCIES: 1-866-303-6948

REVISION DATE: 02/14/05

SECTION - 2 COMPOSITION ON INGREDIENTS

CAS #	CHEMICAL NAMES	Wt%	TLV (UNITS)
111-76-2	Glycol Ether EB	< 16	25 (PPM) skin
141-43-5	2-Aminoethanol	< 6	3 (PPM) TWA
1310-58-3	Potassium Hydroxide	< 4	2 mg/ m ³
6834-92-0	Sodium Metasilicate	< 2	10mg/m ³ TWA
7601-54-9	Trisodium Phosphate	< 2	10mg/m ³ TWA

SECTION - 3 HAZARDS INFORMATION

Primary Route(s) of Entry

Skin contact /absorption and inhalation

Signs and Symptoms of Overexposure

Gastrointestinal irritation (nausea, vomiting, diarrhea), irritation to nose, throat, and respiratory tract.

Target Organ Effects

Overexposure to this material (or its components) has been suggested as a cause of the following effects in laboratory animals and may aggravate pre-existing disorders or these organs in humans: chronic ingestion may cause kidney and liver lesions at high doses.

IMMEDIATE HEALTH EFFECTS

EYES: Corrosive. Exposure may cause noticeable pain, and severe irritation and transient corneal injury.

SKIN: Corrosive. Causes chemical burns. Harmful contact may not cause immediate pain. Ethylene glycol monobutyl ether and 2-aminoethanol may be absorbed through the skin.

INHALATION: Exposure to vapor or mist is possible. Short term inhalation is no likely to cause harmful effects:

breathing large amounts may be harmful. Symptoms are more typically seen at air concentrations exceeding the recommended exposure limits.

INGESTION: Harmful or fatal if swallowed. Causes chemical burns to the mouth, throat and stomach.

REPRODUCTIVE / DEVELOPMENTAL INFORMATION

No Data

CARCINOGENIC INFORMATION

This material is not listed as a carcinogen by IARC, NTP, or OSHA

LONG TERM EFFECTS

No Data

SECTION - 4 FIRST AID MEASURES

EYE or Skin Contact: Immediately flush with water for at least 15 minutes. Remove contaminated clothing or shoes. Get medical attention.

INHALATION: If symptoms develop move victim to fresh air. If symptoms persist, call a physician.

INGESTION: Do not force vomiting. Drink water. Get medical attention.. NEVER GIVE ANYTHING BY MOUTH ITO AN UNCONSCIOUS PERSON.

SECTION - 5 FIRE FIGHTING MEASURES

Flash Point	Explosive limits
No Flash at Boil (C.C. method)	Not Applicable

Autoignition Temperature	Hazardous Products of Combustion
Not Applicable	Oxides of carbon, oxides of nitrogen, and ammonia

Extinguishing Media	Fire Fighting Instructions
Not Applicable	Avoid contact with this material. Avoid walking in spilled material. Wear protective clothing for skin and eyes

SECTION - 6 ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES

Small Spill Absorb with an inert solid and scoop up for disposal, then rinse soiled area with water down the drain.

Large Spill Stop leak at the source and collect into a suitable container, then treat as a small spill.

SECTION - 7 HANDLING AND STORAGE

Handling Containers of this material may be hazardous when emptied. Since emptied containers retain product residues (vapor, liquid, and/or solid), all hazard precautions given in the data sheet must be observed.

Storage Store in a cool, dry place. Keep container closed when not in use.

SECTION - 8 EXPOSURE CONTROLS / PERSONAL PROTECTION

Eye Protection Chemical Splash goggle in compliance with OSHA regulations are advised: however, OSHA regulations also permit other type safety glasses. Consult your safety representative.

Skin Protection Wear rubber gloves (consult your safety equipment supplier). To prevent repeated or prolonged skin contact, wear impervious clothing and boots.

Respiratory Protection If workplace exposure limits of product or any component are exceeded (see exposure guidelines), NIOSH/OSHA approved air supplied respirator is advised in the absence of proper environmental control. OSHA relations also permit other NIOSH/OSHA respirators (negative pressure type) under specific conditions (see your industrial hygienist). Engineering or administrative controls should be implemented to reduce exposure.

Engineering Controls Provide sufficient mechanical (general and local exhaust) ventilation to maintain exposure below level of

overexposure (from known, suspected or apparent adverse effects).

None

SECTION - 9 PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES

Appearance and odor

Thin, amber liquid with a glycol ether odor

pH Concentrate

12.5-13.5

Vapor Pressure

Unknown

Vapor Density

Unknown

Boiling Point

212 Degrees Fahrenheit

Solubility in Water

Complete

Percent Volatile

90%

Specific Gravity

(H₂O =1) 1.05 +/- 0.02

SECTION - 10 STABILITY AND REACTIVITY

Chemical Stability

Stable

Conditions to Avoid

Temperature Extremes

Incompatibility

Bleach, Oxidizers, Acids

Hazardous Decomposition

Chlorine
Will not Occur

Hazardous Polymerization

Will not Occur

SECTION - 11 TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION

No Data Available

SECTION - 12 ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION

No Data Available

SECTION - 13 DISPOSAL CONSIDERATION

Waste Disposal Information Dispose of in accordance with all applicable Federal, State, and Local regulations.

RCRA Information If this material becomes a waste, it would be considered hazardous under 40 CFR 261.22. and would be classified as EPA Waste Number D002.

SECTION - 14 TRANSPORT INFORMATION

DOT Information 49 CFR 172.101

DOT Description:

33440 Class 55

DOT Hazard Class:

8, NA 1760, II

Hazardous Component:

Potassium Hydroxide

Reportable Quantity (RQ) - 49 CFR 172.101

Not Applicable

SECTION - 15 REGULATORY INFORMATION

US Federal Regulations

TSCA (Toxic Substances Control Act) Status TSCA (United States) The intentional ingredients of this product are list

CERCLA RQ - 40 CFR 355 Appendix A

None

SARA 302 Components 40 CFR Appendix A

Section 311/312 Hazard Class 40 CFR 370.2

Immediate (X) Delayed (X) Fire () Reactivity () Sudden Release of Pressure ()

SARA 313 Components - 40 CFR 372.65

CAS #

Chemical Names

%

N/A

* Glycol Ethers

< 16.0

* Listed in Section 2 as Ethylene Glycol Monbutyl Ether

State and Local Regulations

California Proposition 65 None

California SCAQMD Rule 443.1 VOC's > 250g/

North Carolina Administrative Code 2D.1104 and 2B.0610 None

South Carolina Regulation 62.5 Standard Number 8

Ethylene Glycol Monobutyl Ether < 16.0

SECTION - 16 OTHER INFORMATION

The information accumulated herein is believed to be accurate but is not warranted to be whether originating with the company or not. Recipients are advised to confirm in advance of need that the information is current, applicable and suitable to their circumstances.

This information was compiled from current manufacturer's MSDS's of the component parts of the product. as well as other sources, such as:

Code of Federal Regulations 29, Revised as of July 1, 1994.

Code of Federal Regulations 40, Revised as of July 1, 1994.

ACGIH, Guide to Occupational Exposure Values, 1996.

ANSI Z129.1-1994, Precautionary Labeling for Hazardous Industrial Chemicals.

Hazard Communication Handbook, A Right To Know Compliance Guide. Craig A. Moyer & Michael Francis. Clark Broadman Company. Ltd. New York, NY 1992

RCRA Regulations and Keyword Index, Compiled and Published by McCoy and Associates, Inc Lakewood, Colorado. 1992.